

## BUILDERS' LOCKOUT.

The Fight in Chicago Building Trades Begun.

Trouble Grew Out of the Wage Schedules.

STRIKE MAY LAST LONG

But Some Say It Will End Saturday.

CHICAGO, April 12.—Pursuant to the decision of the Central Building League and a majority of the leading builders of Chicago, the lockout of all the employees engaged in the building trades began this morning at 7 o'clock. No man affiliated with a trades union will be taken back to work until a general agreement is reached that they will consent to an arbitration of all differences growing out of the schedules which the bosses have refused to sign. Representatives of both sides say that a long fight and one of which the building trades and allied industries will remain practically at a standstill is imminent. Others declare that the lockout will last until Saturday night, but not much longer. It is intimated that the cause of the local master builders may be taken up by the other associations throughout the country, thus embracing all the principal cities in the lockout. If the difficulties in Chicago are not easily and speedily settled, they say the master builders in New York, Philadelphia, Buffalo, Cleveland, Milwaukee and other large places will take measures similar to those adopted by the central league of Chicago. The lockout affects sixty thousand workmen in Chicago alone.

**Strikers Return to Work.**  
AKRON, Ohio, April 12.—Nine hundred employees of the Werner company, who have been on a strike since Monday for the restoration of a ten percent cut, met yesterday and decided to return to work. The 300 pressmen and press-feeders withdrew from the meeting and will stay out for the old wages.

**MISSOURI C. A. R.**

Thirteenth Annual Encampment Called to Order at Lebanon.

LEBANON, Mo., April 12.—The thirteenth annual encampment of the Missouri department, G. A. R., was called to order yesterday by Commander C. E. Burton of Nevada, Mo., who presided to deliver his annual address. After the usual routine business the following officers were chosen: Department commander, Louis Grund of St. Louis; senior vice commander, Louis Fisher of Salem; junior vice commander, C. W. Rubey of Lebanon; medical director, Ira T. Bronson of Sedalia; chaplain, W. C. Calland of Springfield; Colonel J. P. Tracey, W. H. Skinner, Adam Fisher, M. T. Hamel and C. T. Taylor were elected to the council of administration.

Last evening the visiting veterans were entertained at the opera house. Hon. J. W. Ferris delivered and eloquent address of welcome, which was responded to by Judge Burton.

**TO CARRY THEM BACK.**

The Southern Pacific Agrees to Take the Industrial Army Out of Utah.

ODEN, Utah, April 12.—In the telegraphic correspondence kept up for the past two days between the Southern Pacific officials in San Francisco and in this city, it was plain that the railroad company was only sparing for more time. The long argument of the parties before Judge Miner consumed most of the forenoon. The final decision of the court was that the order was so modified as to justify the territory officials to use force in putting the army out of the territory, provided it had not moved out by 10 o'clock to-day. The decision was a complete vindication of the position taken by the territorial officials, and Marshal Brigham and his deputies were instructed to enforce the order of the court. The Southern Pacific officials now say they will bow to the decision of the court.

**AFTER GOVERNOR FLOWER.**

He Is Charged With Having Violated the Civil Service Law.

ALBANY, N. Y., April 12.—The senate judiciary committee submitted a memorial from the Civil Service Reform League yesterday, charging Governor Flower with a violation of the civil service laws. The committee also offered a resolution that the chairman of the committee, Senator O'Connor, and Senators Saxton and McMahon be constituted a special committee to investigate the charges, and to report at the opening of the next session of the senate. A bitter partisan discussion ensued, which was terminated by the lieutenant governor ruling that the resolution was not properly before the senate. It will be called up again later.

**Sale of World's Fair Buildings Off.**

CHICAGO, April 12.—The sale of the world's fair buildings to L. C. Garrett of St. Louis, for \$75,000, has been called off. When the sale was arranged last week, it was understood that the money was to be paid April 7. E. L. Moore of Boston, for whom Garrett was acting, declared he must have ten days' time to pay the money and the park commissioners promptly called the sale off.

**Burned to the Water's Edge.**

CAIRO, Ill., April 12.—Steamer City of New Orleans, arriving here yesterday, reported the tow-boat Diamond burned to the water's edge last night at Avenue landing while on her way to New Orleans towing twenty-six tows and barges of coal.

The Daily STATE JOURNAL prints all the news.

## MARCHING THROUGH SNOW

Coxey's Army Reaches Chalk Hill, Pa., Through a Foot of Snow.

CHALK HILL, Pa., April 12.—The march of the commonweal from Uniontown to this point was one of the most trying yet experienced. It was in a driving storm with one foot of snow on the ground.

The stops were many, and at times it was necessary for a force of men to be sent to the rear to push along the commissary and supply wagons. The men were weary with the tramp and gladly availed themselves of the opportunity to rest.

Six hours were consumed in the march, but at dusk the camp was pitched near here, where, in the old stage house, each commune was placed in a room with a big fire therein. One hundred and eighty men, on foot, left Uniontown and continued to tramp undismayed by the discomforts caused by the weather.

The march today will be at Somerville and camp will be pitched at Petersburg, to be known as Camp Thomas Jefferson.

**FOUR FATALLY BURNED.**

Horrible Accident in a Big Ohio Steel Plant.

POMEROY, Ohio, April 12.—A hydraulic plunger on a converter at the Middleport steel plant broke yesterday, precipitating 8,000 pounds of white hot metal among sixty workmen from a distance of fifteen feet. Ten were burned and four fatally.

The hot metal scattered for fifty feet in all directions. The clothes were burned from all within reach. All the fatally injured are single men except Cozens, who has a large family. Four hundred men are employed in the plant.

**Missouri Crop Report.**

COLUMBIA, Mo., April 12.—The Missouri board of agriculture reports for the week ending Tuesday that crops show no material advancement. Corn has been planted in some localities to take the place of the oats destroyed. Wheat has been damaged by freezes and dry winds, and young clover and timothy slightly injured. In some counties clover has been killed and potatoes must be replanted. Pastures are backward. Fruit is not so badly damaged as at first reported. Prospects are good for fair crops, except peaches, which are generally killed.

**Grain Elevator Burned.**

KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 12.—The Western elevator, located at Second and Division streets, by the tracks of the Kansas City, Fort Scott and Memphis, in Rosedale, was totally destroyed by fire at 10 o'clock last night. The elevator belonged to Hayward & Co., who have offices in the Exchange building. The loss on the building is \$30,000. Insurance, \$15,000.

**Little Girl Cremated Alive.**

ELDORADO, Kan., April 12.—Lena, the 20-months-old daughter of Jens Jensen, living near Pontiac, seven miles east of this city, met with a terrible death last evening. She wandered some distance from the house where some brush had been burnt, her clothes took fire and she was burned to a crisp.

**A Female Brigade.**

OAKLAND, Cal., April 12.—A female brigade of the industrial army is being organized here. Two hundred names are now on the list. Arrangements are being made for their transportation east. Frank Cartier was elected colonel.

**NEWS NOTES.**

J. S. McFadden, a retired capitalist and a pioneer Missourian, died of dropsy at Sedalia at the age of 70 years.

The proposed exploration of Ellsmer island, in the Arctic regions, by Robert Stein, formerly of the United States geological survey, has been abandoned until next year.

At Sedalia Ollie Roberts, a 12-year-old boy, was handed a loaded cigarette by a companion. When lighted an explosion followed and Roberts' right eye was totally destroyed.

By the retirement of Rear Admiral Benham, Commodore Ramsey becomes a rear admiral. He has been for the past five years chief of the navigation bureau of the navy department.

Severn Teackle Wallis, who was active in politics in Maryland in ante-war times, is dead, aged 78 years. His ardent secessionism caused his incarceration for fourteen months by order of the Washington government.

An amendment to the sundry civil appropriation bill was proposed by Senator Manderson, making an appropriation of \$150,000 to protect the channel of the Missouri river adjacent to Council Bluffs, Iowa, and Omaha, Neb.

At a meeting of the directors of the Toledo chamber of commerce, a committee was appointed to investigate the feasibility of a ship canal from Chicago to that city, shortening the distance from the West 700 miles. The committee will also select a route for the canal and endeavor to demonstrate to the promoters of the proposed enterprise that it would be a profitable investment.

Democratic politicians of Wyoming are now claiming that the term of Governor Osborne does not expire until January, 1897. If this proves to be the case, no gubernatorial election would be held in Wyoming this year. The claim is based on the provision of the state constitution that the governor shall be elected for four years, no provision being made for filling unexpired terms. Governor Osborne was elected to fill an unexpired term.

**How to Improve the Complexion.**

Every lady that has used the celebrated Elder Flower Cream recommends it as a beautifier. It removes freckles, tan, blotches, etc., and leaves the skin soft, clear and beautiful. For sale by J. K. Jones.

If you want a reliable dye that will color an even brown or black, and will please and satisfy you every time, use Buckingham's Dye for the Whiskers.

We charge our customers laundry free of mend. Peerless Steam Laundry, 113 and 114 West Eighth.

## PEPPER CAN'T DRAW.

At One Time During His Speech,

Only Three Senators Remained in the Chamber.

GALLERIES DESERTED.

Mr. Hale of Maine Discusses the Tariff.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—The galleries of the senate had a deserted appearance yesterday. House bill authorizing the Texarkana and Fort Smith railroad company to bridge Little river in Arkansas was passed.

At 1 o'clock the tariff bill was taken up and Senator Hale addressed the senate. He said in part: "At no time during the twenty-five years of my service in congress has any tariff bill or tariff bills aroused so deep a feeling among the American people and so strong, earnest and determined opposition as the Wilson bill."

Before this debate came to an end he hoped some senator who stands in the relation of sponsor to the bill would state the general theory or doctrine or party dogma upon which the bill is framed.

While he was familiar with the Democratic platform and the letter of acceptance of President Cleveland, he found himself hopelessly confused and lost in an attempt to reconcile either or both of those with the provisions of the bill, either as passed by the house of representatives or as tinkered and manipulated by the senate committee. From his study of the bill, three things were apparent, viz:

First—It is a bill to protect the south and to punish the north.

Second—It is a bill for the benefit of the European manufacturer and producer at the expense of our manufacturer and producer.

Third—It is in every paragraph that dealt with the products of the Dominion of Canada, as brought in competition with the products of our own people along the Canadian border, a simon pure, almost unadulterated bill for the benefit of Canada, and to our corresponding hurt.

Senator Hale criticized the makeup of the finance committee, charging that the Wilson bill was committed to the hands of three or four senators from the Southern states.

Continuing he said: "The provision of the bill which strikes down the whole scheme of reciprocity, under which additional trade has been growing up with foreign countries, strikes most severely at the Northern wheat grower and the Northern miller and will, at one blow, destroy the trade which has grown up with Cuba and will besides shut out from the German market the products of our own people along the Canadian border, a simon pure, almost unadulterated bill for the benefit of Canada, and to our corresponding hurt."

He asserted that the sugar schedule had been framed to catch two votes in the South, and that although other reciprocal treaties had been struck down, the Hawaiian territory had been saved in order that the vote of the Democratic senators of the Pacific coast might be saved.

Discussing the bill as it affects his own constituents, Senator Hale said: "I come now, Mr. President to the consideration of that portion of the bill which more nearly affects my own constituency, and which falls with destructive force upon the farmers and the manufacturer and laborers of that entire portion of the United States which stretches across the continent from Maine to Oregon and Washington, and which finds sharp competition and a dangerous rival in the Dominion of Canada, which lies along its entire border. I do not hesitate to state that, as affecting this region of our own country, this bill is made up after a fashion that could not have better satisfied the Canadians had a committee of their own taken this subject in charge and fixed our own schedules and duties." He discussed the probability of future amalgamation of the two countries, and said Canada must come to us, as we would not go to her, and asserted that the McKinley law was hastening the union.

He continued: "The Wilson bill and the amendments reported by the senate committee throw over all this advantage and indefinitely postpone political union of the two countries, and in fact establish a policy so favorable to the Canadians that I should look to see the growing sentiment for annexation die out and that in the generation to come we should find ourselves with a growing and possible hostile rival along our entire Northern border. This consideration alone in the broad domain of statesmanship ought to be in itself the death blow of the bill."

A strong point in Mr. Hale's speech was the inevitable annexation of Canada and he laid great stress upon this. This question awoke the almost somnolent senate to a brisk discussion and Mr. Gray inquired what advantages would accrue to the American farmer along the Canadian border if the products of Canada competed on equal terms with his own. Senator Frye suggested that there would be no border, it would all be our country.

Senator Hale replied that the farmers of the country would derive a general benefit from the extension of the country and the wiping out of border lines. He referred to annexation of Mexican territory as a precedent and none doubted, he said, that the advantages which this country derived were commensurate with the advantages which the smaller country obtained.

Senator Gray agreed with the senator from Maine as to the desirability of extending free trade over the entire continent, but he could not see the specific advantage the border farmers would obtain.

Senator Morrill suggested that in case of annexation a large amount of immigration, now coming from Canada, would remain there and consume all the products which now come in competition with American products.

Senator Hale predicted that if the bill passed and the Canadians were thus given every advantage they desired, without any compensating sacrifices on their part, the growing sentiment for annexation would speedily die out.

Senator Hale concluded his speech at 3:15, and Senator Pepper finished his speech, which was begun and interrupted last Thursday.

When Mr. Pepper began the second installment of his speech there was a fair attendance of senators on both sides of the chamber, but they gradually melted away, and at one time there was only one Democrat, one Republican and one Populist visible on the floor.

**Jerry Simpson Ill.**

WASHINGTON, April 12.—Much concern is felt by the colleagues of Jerry Simpson over the condition of his health. He is confined to his room at 808 Maryland avenue with some disorder of the kidneys and general disability. Simpson managed to come to the house the day a vote was taken on the proposition to pass the seigniorage bill over the president's veto, but has been confined to his room ever since that time, and has not left it since.

**ALLOTMENTS ALMOST MADE.**

Only One Hundred Kickapoos Not Yet Assigned—Money for the Tribe.

OKLAHOMA CITY, Ok., April 11.—Only twelve more days remain in which the Kickapoos can voluntarily take their allotments. April 23 Major Moses Neal, the agent, will proceed to set apart eighty acres for each member of the tribe who will not make his selection. There are about 100 of these at present, but it is believed that the majority will listen to reason before the time is out.

Those who have taken allotments have shown good judgment in selecting the best bottom land, but the uplands of the country are almost as rich and when all the Indians are allotted there will still remain a large amount of land open to white settlement. The Kickapoo reservation has long been noted as the garden spot of Oklahoma.

The scheme of Secretary Smith to sell these lands to the highest bidder is opposed by every resident of Oklahoma. There are a great many prospective settlers camped on the border awaiting the opening and meetings are being held and resolutions adopted protesting against the plan.

April 24 Mr. Neal will begin making the money payment of \$50,000 to the Kickapoos. There are about 300 members of the tribe and each buck, squaw and papoose will receive \$200. Every child born into the tribe is hailed with joy, for it means \$200 more in the family, and some families will receive as high as \$2,400.

## WRATHY CITIZENS.

A Score of Platte City People Indicted for Euchre Playing.

PLATTE CITY, Mo., April 12.—For the first time in the history of the Platte county circuit court has the grand jury ever taken cognizance of the "socio-religio" game of progressive euchre. A score or more of ladies and gentlemen, comprising all denominations have been indicted for playing the game. Feeling among them is wrathful and threatens to cause serious disturbances in one church, as the pastor is said to be the prime mover and instigator of the crusade; and one of its leading members is a member of the grand jury. Poker players and crap shooters are very uneasy.

**Will Drop the Colonel.**

CHICAGO, April 12.—Colonel W. C. P. Breckinridge of Kentucky, will be dropped from the roll of honorary members in the Union League club of this city after the verdict is rendered in the suit now pending in Washington.

**Car Load of Cattle Stolen.**

CLINTON, Mo., April 12.—Jacob Shoemaker of near Lewis, this county, was in Clinton to-day and reports the theft of a car load of fat beef cattle from his pasture, which he failed to locate.

**Expensive Economy.**

Some people begrudge the little money that an Alcock's Porous Plaster costs, and then when they are racked with pain from a lame back, or from the soreness arising from a cold, they will spend any amount of money to relieve the pain. If they only had one of these world-renowned plasters on hand they would be saved a vast amount of suffering and be considerably richer. At the first sign of stiffness in the joints apply one of these plasters without any delay. The soreness will be greatly relieved at once and soon disappear entirely. It will be money saved to have them on hand, to say nothing of the comfort they bring.

Brandreth's Pills contain no irritating matter.

**The Swedish Concert.**

First M. E. church, Friday evening, April 13.  
Mr. Frank Zedler, violin.  
Mr. N. A. Krantz, ppe organ.  
Mr. Geo. Hagood, cornet.  
Mr. Wilhelm Lindberg, piano.

Admission at door 25 cents. Tickets at Kellam's or Guild's, until Thursday evening at 10c.

The headquarters of Associated Charities is in the Natatorium building, on East 10th street. All applicants for aid should be referred to Mr. Eldridge, our secretary, who will be found there.

**BENJAMIN L. SMITH,**

President Associated Charities.

Do Witt's Sarsaparilla is prepared for cleansing the blood from impurities and disease. It does this and more. It builds up and strengthens constitutions impaired by disease. It recommends itself. J. K. Jones.

Pure blood means good health. Reinforce it with De Witt's Sarsaparilla. It purifies the blood, cures Eruptions, Eczema, Scrofula and all diseases arising from impure blood. It recommends itself. J. K. Jones.

Creates health, creates strength, creates vigor: De Witt's Sarsaparilla. It recommends itself. J. K. Jones.

Try Phillips' mineral water. It is considered the finest water for the stomach—612 W. Eighth avenue. Try it.

J. K. JONES, President. A. B. WHITING, Vice Pres. and Gen. Mnggr. E. B. BOWMAN, Secretary.

TELE. 447.

THE A. B. WHITING

Paint and Glass Co.

Wholesale and Retail.

(SUCCESSORS TO A. B. WHITING CO.)

ODD FELLOWS BUILDING, 521 AND 523 QUINCY ST.

We carry a complete line of Glass, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, Ladders and Painters' Supplies.

Paints for Every Purpose. In any Quantity.

House Paints. Barn, Roof and Bridge Paints.

Carriage and Wagon Paints. Enamel Paints.

Artists' Tube Paints. Japan and Oil Colors.

And Everything in Paints. Wall Finishes.

JOHN L. WHITING'S BRUSHES.

The STANDARD

And all other Manufactures try to Imitate.

PAINT your homes in the Latest Artistic Shades, with ACME Prepared Paints. For durability and beauty they are unsurpassed. Comparison solicited with any brand on the market.

STRICTLY PURE LEAD OIL

It is economy to Paint these hard times. If you want to sell your house Paint It. If you want to rent a house Paint It. If you live in it be sure and Paint It. Paint It and preserve it from decay.

UNFORTUNATE.

How a Giddy Chicago Girl Failed to Keep Her Appointment.

She was sitting by the window in a dejected attitude when her dearest friend rushed into the room exclaiming: "Well, Clara, here I am. I staid away until I knew Fred was off to Denver in order not to disturb you. Now, do tell me, am I to congratulate you?"

"Oh, Mabel, don't speak of it. I am the most unfortunate girl in Chicago."

"Then he didn't propose, after all?"

"My dear, it was his fault. You see, he was to leave on the 5:30 train for Denver yesterday afternoon, and I knew that something was likely to happen before he went. He called the evening before, and don't you think after I had spent my last cent in bribing my little brother to stay out of the room that horrid Larry Smith came in and spent the whole evening? Well, when Fred left, I made an excuse to go to the door with him, and he asked me to meet him in Lincoln park at 3 sharp next afternoon, as he had something important to say to me."

"Oh, how romantic!"

"Wasn't it! You see, we used to walk there in the summer, and it was such a lovely idea of his to want to speak there among the dead leaves and things—but, oh, I wish he hadn't!"

"It was simply ideal! But why?"

"Well, you know I have a delicate throat, which is very convenient sometimes. I had got out of going to old Mrs. Brown's funeral the day before on the plea that my throat was sore. Of course I forgot all about that when I promised Fred to meet him, but mamma hadn't. It was a cold, raw day, anyhow, if you remember, and, oh, Mabel, she positively refused to allow me to go out. I begged and expostulated in vain. Then I had recourse to strategy."

"Oh, you smart girl!"

"But wait. I apparently let the subject drop, and after awhile—it was 15 minutes past 2 then—I asked her casually if she had looked over the clothing in the attic recently, and hinted at moths. That was enough. She went right up to see, and I knew she wouldn't be down for hours, and, oh, Mabel, how I did fly into my street things!"

"I hope you wore your new gown."

"I did, and that was just the cause of all the trouble. I seized my gloves, and glancing at the clock I saw that I had barely time, so I fairly flew out, even forgetting and banging the door in my haste, for I couldn't be late."

"And were you?"

"Oh, just listen! You know how full the skirt to my new gown is. Well, as the door banged shut a fold of it was caught inside. I pulled and tugged, but to no avail; the night latch had caught, and I couldn't get the door open or the dress loose; in the service was out and mamma up in the attic, where she couldn't hear the bell, and there I stood a prisoner, with Fred waiting for me in the park."

"But you got loose?"

"Yes; over two hours later brother Tom came along and freed me with his key, but by that time Fred was on his way to Denver—and, oh, Mabel, I know he'll never forgive me as long as he lives!"—Chicago Tribune.

Creates health, creates strength, creates vigor: De Witt's Sarsaparilla. It recommends itself. J. K. Jones.

Try Phillips' mineral water. It is considered the finest water for the stomach—612 W. Eighth avenue. Try it.

Union Pacific. SPECIAL. If you want to go to the San Francisco Mid-Winter Fair, take the Union Pacific Route. Leaves Topeka 12:35 p. m. every day. "Eighty" hours will land you in San Francisco. No change of cars. Through Pullman and Tourist Sleepers. Fare one way.....\$20 00 Round trip.....\$35 50

A. M. FULLER, City Agent, 525 Kas. ave.

Shirts mended by the Peerless.

Scrofula Tumors

Salt Rheum, Nervousness, Other Troubles

Complication of Diseases Cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Mrs. Ben. Shetterly Buchanan, Mich.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:"

"Dear Sirs: From childhood I had been a great sufferer from scrofula, having a tumor on my left breast and another in my stomach. I was also afflicted with salt rheum. We spent much money for medical attendance and remedies, but all to no avail. Three years ago I commenced to run down. The trouble with my stomach would not allow me to eat and even milk distressed me very much. My right hand and arm became almost paralyzed, and my stomach difficulty was fast developing into serious female troubles. I became very nervous and was subject to fainting spells. Dark spots appeared before my eyes. The doctors failed to help me. In the spring I read about the wonderful cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla and decided to give it a trial. After taking it a short time I commenced to feel better, my digestion improved, and the burning sensation in my stomach and bowels ceased. Shortly I was able to work about the house, standing on my feet considerably, something I had not done for months before. For two summers I have done my own work alone. I shall continue taking Hood's Sarsaparilla as it is my cheapest hired servant. I am a farmer's wife, our place embracing 120 acres. We think Hood's Vegetable Pills cannot be beaten, and we have great faith in Hood's Sarsaparilla." Mrs. BENJ. SHETTERLY, Buchanan, Michigan.

Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills, Biliousness, Jaundice, Indigestion, Sick Headache, etc.